

## The international system of units (SI), "SI-units"

The SI units			
Dimension name	Dimension symbol		Units Symbol
electric current	$I$	$[I] =$	<b>A (Ampere)</b>
luminous intensity	$J$	$[J] =$	<b>cd (candela)</b>
thermodynamic temperature	$\theta$	$[\theta] =$	<b>K (Kelvin)</b>
mass	$m$	$[m] =$	<b>kg (kilogram)</b>
length	$l$	$[l] =$	<b>m (metre)</b>
amount of substance	$N$	$[N] =$	<b>mol (mole)</b>
time	$t$	$[t] =$	<b>s (second)</b>

Common units expressed as SI-units			
Dimension name	Dimension symbol	Unit of the dimension	in SI units
Force	$F$	$[F] =$ N (Newton) =	$\text{kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}$
Energy	$E$	$[E] =$ J (Joule) =	$\text{kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$
Work	$W$	$[W] =$ J (Joule) =	$\text{kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$
Pressure	$p$	$[p] =$ Pa (Pascal) =	$\frac{\text{N}}{\text{m}^2} = \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{m} \cdot \text{s}^2}$
Impulse	$\vec{p} = m \cdot \vec{v}$	$[\vec{p}] =$	$\frac{\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^3}{\text{s}}$
Frequency	$f$	$[f] =$	$\frac{1}{\text{s}}$
Soecific heat capacity	$C$	$[C] =$	$\frac{\text{J}}{\text{mol} \cdot \text{kg}} = \frac{\text{m}}{\text{mol} \cdot \text{s}^2}$
Heat amount	$Q$	$[Q] =$	$\text{J} = \text{kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$
Enthalpy	$H$	$[H] =$	$\text{J} = \text{kg} \cdot \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$

Entropy	$S$	$[S] =$	$\frac{J}{K} =$	$\frac{kg \cdot m^2}{K \cdot s^2}$
Charge	$Q$	$[Q] =$	C (Coulomb) =	$A \cdot s$
Electric Field	$E$	$[E] =$	$\frac{V}{m} = \frac{N}{C} =$	$\frac{kg \cdot m}{A \cdot s^3}$
Voltage	$U$	$[U] =$	V (Volt) = $\frac{W}{A} = \frac{J}{C} = \frac{N \cdot m}{A \cdot s} =$	$\frac{kg \cdot m^2}{A \cdot s^3}$
Capacity	$C$	$[C] =$	F (Farad) = $\frac{C}{V} = \frac{s}{\Omega} =$	$\frac{A^2 \cdot s^4}{kg \cdot m^2}$
Current	$I$	$[I] =$	A (Ampere) =	$A$
Current density	$J$	$[J] =$		$\frac{A}{m^2}$
Resistance	$R$	$[R] =$	$\Omega$ (Ohm) = $\frac{V}{A} =$	$\frac{kg \cdot m^2}{A^2 \cdot s^3}$
Magnetic Field	$B$	$[B] =$	T (Tesla) = $\frac{V \cdot s}{m^2} =$	$\frac{kg}{A \cdot s^2}$
Magnetic Dipolemoment	$\vec{p}_m$	$[\vec{p}_m] =$		$A \cdot m^2$
Magnetic flux	$\Phi_S$	$[\Phi_S] =$	Wb (Weber) = $V \cdot s =$	$\frac{kg \cdot m^2}{A \cdot s^2}$
Inductance	$L$	$[L] =$	H (Henry) = $\frac{V \cdot s}{A} = \Omega \cdot s =$	$\frac{kg \cdot m^2}{A^2 \cdot s^2}$
Electrical Impedance	$Z$	$[Z] =$	$\Omega$ (Ohm) = $\frac{V}{A} =$	$\frac{kg \cdot m^2}{A^2 \cdot s^3}$
Power	$P$	$[P] =$	W (Watt) = $\frac{J}{s} = V \cdot A =$	$kg \cdot \frac{m^2}{s^3}$
Activity	$A$	$[A] =$	Bq (Becquerel) =	$\frac{1}{s}$
Exposure	$J$	$[J] =$	$\frac{C}{kg} =$	$\frac{A \cdot s}{kg}$
Adsorbed dose	$D$ $H$	$[D] =$ $[H] =$	Gy (Gray) = $\frac{J}{kg}$ = S (Sievert) = $\frac{J}{kg}$ =	$\frac{m^2}{s^2}$